

# Corrigés — Dénombrement et probabilités

## Chapitre 9

### Solution 1.

Arrangements de 5 parmi 26 :  $A_{26}^5 = 26 \times 25 \times 24 \times 23 \times 22 = 7,893,600$ .

### Solution 2.

1. Arrangements de 3 parmi 10 :  $A_{10}^3 = 720$ .
2. Combinaisons :  $\binom{10}{3} = 120$ .

### Solution 3.

1.  $\binom{7}{3} = 35$  ;  $\binom{10}{4} = 210$  ;  $\binom{20}{2} = 190$ .
2.  $\binom{9}{2} + \binom{9}{3} = 36 + 84 = 120 = \binom{10}{3} \checkmark$ .

### Solution 4.

$(x + 2)^5 = x^5 + 5 \times 2x^4 + 10 \times 4x^3 + 10 \times 8x^2 + 5 \times 16x + 32 = x^5 + 10x^4 + 40x^3 + 80x^2 + 80x + 32$ .

### Solution 5.

$|\Omega| = 36$ .

1. Paires (1, 6), (2, 5), (3, 4), (4, 3), (5, 2), (6, 1) : 6 cas.  $P = \frac{6}{36} = \frac{1}{6}$ .
2. Doubles : 6 cas.  $P = \frac{1}{6}$ .
3. Par linéarité :  $E(\text{somme}) = 2 \times 3 \times 5 = 7$ . Pour  $P(\text{pair}) : \frac{18}{36} = \frac{1}{2}$ .

### Solution 6.

1.  $\frac{C(5,2)}{C(8,2)} = \frac{10}{28} = \frac{5}{14}$ .
2.  $\frac{C(5,1) \times C(3,1)}{C(8,2)} = \frac{15}{28}$ .

### Solution 7.

1.  $P(A | B) = \frac{2}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$ .
2.  $P(B | A) = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$ .
3.  $P(A) \times P(B) = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{2}{6} = \frac{2}{15} \neq \frac{2}{6} = P(A \cap B)$ . **Non indépendants.**

### Solution 8.

$M = \text{malade}$ ,  $T = \text{test positif}$ .  $P(M) = 0,01$ ,  $P(T | M) = 0,95$ ,  $P(T | \bar{M}) = 0,10$  (complément de spécificité).  $P(T) = 0,95 \times 0,01 + 0,10 \times 0,99 = 0,1085$ .  $P(M | T) = \frac{0,95 \times 0,01}{0,1085} \approx 0,087$ , soit environ 8,7%.

**Solution 9.**

- $0\{, \}1 + 0\{, \}3 + 0\{, \}4 + 0\{, \}2 = 1. \checkmark$
- $E(X) = 0 + 0\{, \}3 + 0\{, \}8 + 0\{, \}6 = 1\{, \}7. E(X^2) = 0 + 0\{, \}3 + 1\{, \}6 + 1\{, \}8 = 3\{, \}7.$   
 $V(X) = 3\{, \}7 - 2\{, \}89 = 0\{, \}81. \sigma = 0\{, \}9.$

**Solution 10.**

$X$  suit une loi binomiale  $B(3, \frac{1}{2})$ .  $P(X = k) = \binom{3}{k}$ .

- $P(X = 0) = \frac{1}{8}$  ;  $P(X = 1) = \frac{3}{8}$  ;  $P(X = 2) = \frac{3}{8}$  ;  $P(X = 3) = \frac{1}{8}$ .
- $E(X) = np = 1\{, \}5$  ;  $V(X) = np(1 - p) = 0\{, \}75$ .