

Corrigés — Dénombrement et probabilités

Chapitre 7

Solution 1.

- $\binom{12}{4} = 495$.
- $\binom{5}{2}\binom{7}{2} = 10 \times 21 = 210$.
- $495 - \binom{7}{4} = 495 - 35 = 460$.

Solution 2.

Soit D : défectueux.

- $P(D) = \binom{4}{0} \times \binom{2}{0} + \binom{3}{0} \times \binom{3}{0} + \binom{2}{0} \times \binom{5}{0} = \binom{0}{0} + \binom{0}{0} + \binom{0}{0} + \binom{0}{0} + \binom{0}{0} + \binom{0}{0} = 0$.
- $P(F_3 | D) = \frac{\binom{25 \times 0}{0} \binom{05}{0}}{\binom{0}{0}} \binom{0}{0} = \binom{0}{0} \binom{0}{0} \approx \binom{0}{0} \binom{0}{0}$.

Solution 3.

$$P(\text{au moins un}) = 1 - \binom{95}{5} \approx 1 - \binom{7738}{0} \approx \binom{2262}{0}$$

Solution 4.

$$X \sim \mathcal{B}(10, \frac{1}{6}). \quad E(X) = \frac{10}{6} \approx 1,67. \quad P(X \geq 2) = 1 - P(X = 0) - P(X = 1) = 1 - \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{10} - 10 \times \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)\left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^9. \quad \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{10} \approx 0,1615, \quad \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^9 \approx 0,1938. \quad P(X \geq 2) \approx 1 - 0,1615 - 10 \times 0,1667 \times 0,1938 \approx 1 - 0,1615 - 0,3230 \approx 0,5155.$$

Solution 5.

$$X \sim \mathcal{B}(20, 0,7). \quad E(X) = 14, \quad V(X) = 20 \times 0,7 \times 0,3 = 4,2. \quad P(X = 15) = \binom{20}{15} (0,7)^{15} (0,3)^5 = 15504 \times 0,004747 \times 0,00243 \approx 0,179.$$